ABSTRACT

There is provided a process for the production of carbonyl compounds, characterized by reacting a diol represented by the formula (1);

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
R^1 & R^2 \\
HO & OH \\
R^3 & R^4
\end{array}$$
(1)

wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 are the same or different, and independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted acyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxycarbonyl group, a unsubstituted aralkyloxycarbonyl substituted carboxyl group or a hydrogen atom, or $\ensuremath{R^1}$ and $\ensuremath{R^2}$ or $\ensuremath{R^3}$ and $\ensuremath{R^4}$ are bonded together with the carbon atoms to which they are bonded to form a ring , provided that all of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 are not hydrogen atoms simultaneously; with bromine or an inorganic bromine compound in the presence of a trivalent bismuth compound and a base to form carbonyl compounds represented by the formula (2);

$$R^1$$
 (2)

wherein R^1 and R^3 are as defined above; and the formula (3);

$$R^2$$
 o (3)

wherein R2 and R4 are as defined above.

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